

# SPECIFICATIONS

# PXIe-5110

PXIe, 100 MHz, 1 GS/s, 8-bit PXI Oscilloscope

These specifications apply to the PXIe-5110 with 64 MB and 512 MB of memory.

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# Definitions

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*Warranted* specifications describe the performance of a model under stated operating conditions and are covered by the model warranty. Warranted specifications account for measurement uncertainties, temperature drift, and aging. Warranted specifications are ensured by design or verified during production and calibration.

*Characteristics* describe values that are relevant to the use of the model under stated operating conditions but are not covered by the model warranty.

- *Typical* specifications describe the performance met by a majority of models.
- *Nominal* specifications describe an attribute that is based on design, conformance testing, or supplemental testing.
- *Measured* specifications describe the measured performance of a representative model.

Specifications are *Nominal* unless otherwise noted.

# Conditions

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Specifications are valid under the following conditions unless otherwise noted.

- All vertical ranges, bandwidths, and bandwidth limiting filters
- Sample rate set to 0.5 GS/s or 1 GS/s
- Onboard sample clock locked to PXI\_Clk100 reference clock
- 15-minute warm-up time at ambient temperature
- Chassis configured:<sup>1</sup>
  - PXI Express chassis fan speed set to HIGH
  - Foam fan filters removed if present
  - Empty slots contain PXI chassis slot blockers and filler panels

*Warranted* specifications are valid under the following conditions unless otherwise noted.

- Ambient temperature range of 0 °C to 55 °C
- Altitude  $\leq 2,000$  m
- Calibration cycle maintained
- Self-calibration run after:
  - Warm-up time has elapsed
  - Module has been power cycled
  - PC or controller has been restarted or wakes from sleep or hibernation modes
- External calibration performed at 23 °C  $\pm 3$  °C

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<sup>1</sup> For more information about cooling, refer to the *Maintain Forced-Air Cooling Note to Users* available at [ni.com/manuals](http://ni.com/manuals).

Typical specifications are valid under the following conditions unless otherwise noted.

- Ambient temperature range of 0 °C to 55 °C
- Altitude  $\leq 2,000$  m

## Vertical

### Analog Input

Number of channels	Two (simultaneously sampled)
Input type	Referenced single-ended
Connectors	BNC, ground referenced

### Impedance and Coupling

Input impedance	50 $\Omega$ $\pm 1.5\%$ , typical 1 M $\Omega$ $\pm 1.0\%$ , typical
Input capacitance (1 M $\Omega$ )	16 pF
Input coupling	AC DC

### Voltage Levels

**Table 1.** Full-Scale (FS) Input Range and Vertical Offset Range

Input Range ( $V_{pk-pk}$ )	Vertical Offset Range	
	50 $\Omega$	1 M $\Omega$
0.04 V	$\pm 5$ V	
0.1 V	$\pm 5$ V	
0.2 V	$\pm 5$ V	
0.4 V	$\pm 5$ V	
1 V	$\pm 5$ V	$\pm 20$ V
2 V	$\pm 5$ V	$\pm 20$ V
4 V	$\pm 5$ V	$\pm 20$ V
10 V	$\pm 2$ V	$\pm 100$ V

**Table 1. Full-Scale (FS) Input Range and Vertical Offset Range (Continued)**

Input Range ( $V_{pk-pk}$ )	Vertical Offset Range	
	50 $\Omega$	1 M $\Omega$
20 V	—	$\pm 100$ V
40 V	—	$\pm 100$ V

Maximum input overload

50  $\Omega$

$|Peaks| \leq 7$  V

1 M $\Omega^2$

$|Peaks| \leq 250$  V DC



**Notice** Signals exceeding the maximum input overload may cause damage to the device.

## Accuracy

Resolution

8 bits

DC accuracy<sup>3</sup>

50  $\Omega$

Input range: 0.04 V

$\pm[(2\% \times |Reading - Vertical Offset|) + (0.4\% \times |Vertical Offset|) + (1\% \text{ of FS}) + 0.2 \text{ mV}]$ , typical

Input range: 0.1 V to 4 V

$\pm[(2\% \times |Reading - Vertical Offset|) + (0.4\% \times |Vertical Offset|) + (1\% \text{ of FS}) + 0.2 \text{ mV}]$ , warranted

Input range: 10 V

$\pm[(2\% \times |Reading - Vertical Offset|) + (1.1\% \times |Vertical Offset|) + (1\% \text{ of FS}) + 0.2 \text{ mV}]$ , warranted

<sup>2</sup> Derate above 250 kHz at 20 dB/dec until 2.5 MHz, then derate at 5 dB/dec.

<sup>3</sup> Within  $\pm 5$  °C of self-calibration temperature.

1 M $\Omega$

Input range: 0.04 V	$\pm[(2\% \times  Reading - Vertical Offset ) + (0.4\% \times  Vertical Offset ) + (1\% \text{ of FS}) + 0.2 \text{ mV}]$ , typical
Input range: 0.1 V to 20 V	$\pm[(2\% \times  Reading - Vertical Offset ) + (0.4\% \times  Vertical Offset ) + (1\% \text{ of FS}) + 0.2 \text{ mV}]$ , warranted
Input range: 40 V	$\pm[(2\% \times  Reading - Vertical Offset ) + (1.1\% \times  Vertical Offset ) + (1\% \text{ of FS}) + 0.2 \text{ mV}]$ , warranted
DC drift <sup>4</sup>	$\pm[(0.036\% \times  Reading - Vertical Offset ) + (0.004\% \times  Vertical Offset ) + (0.012\% \text{ of FS})]$ per °C
AC amplitude accuracy <sup>3</sup>	$\pm 0.25 \text{ dB}$ at 50 kHz
AC amplitude drift <sup>4</sup>	$\pm 0.0046 \text{ dB}$ per °C at 50 kHz

## Crosstalk

Crosstalk<sup>5</sup> <-65 dB at input frequencies  $\leq 100 \text{ MHz}$

## Bandwidth and Transient Response

Bandwidth (-3 dB)<sup>6</sup>

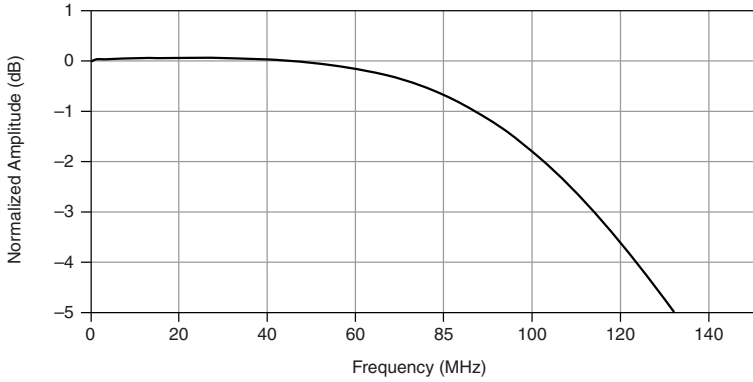
50 $\Omega$	100 MHz, warranted
1 M $\Omega$	100 MHz, typical

<sup>4</sup> Used to calculate errors when the onboard temperature changes more than  $\pm 5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  from the self-calibration temperature.

<sup>5</sup> Measured on one channel with test signal applied to another channel and the same range setting on both channels.

<sup>6</sup> Normalized to 50 kHz.

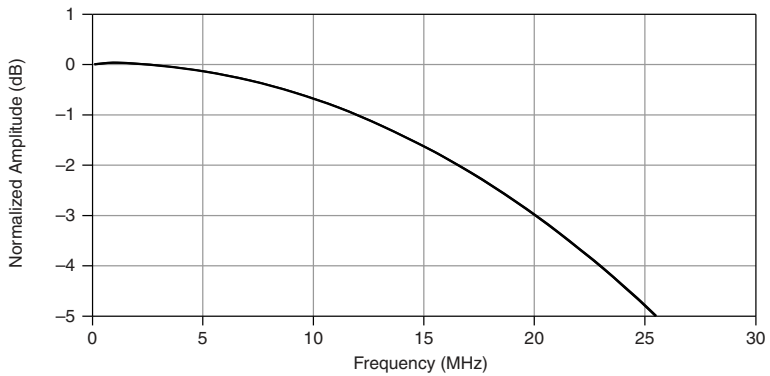
**Figure 1.** 50  $\Omega$  Full Bandwidth Frequency Response, 1 GS/s, 1 V<sub>pk-pk</sub>, Measured<sup>6</sup>



Bandwidth-limiting filter

20 MHz noise filter

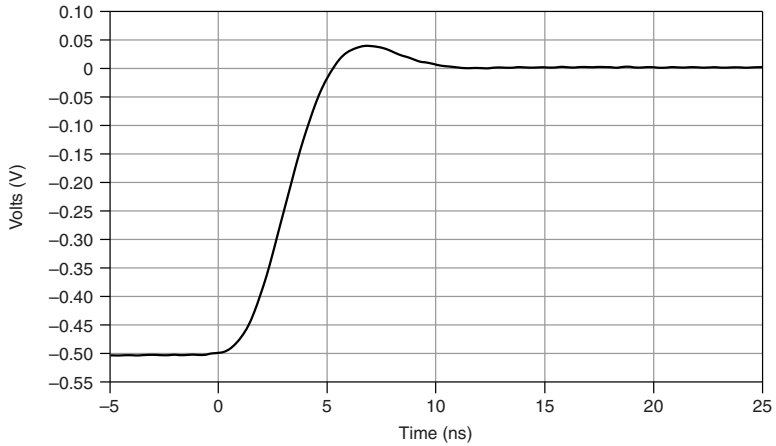
**Figure 2.** 50  $\Omega$  20 MHz Filter Frequency Response, 1 GS/s, 1 V<sub>pk-pk</sub>, Measured<sup>6</sup>



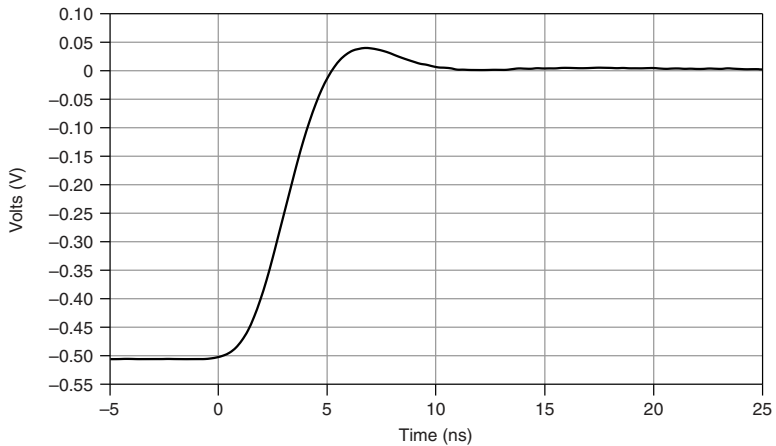
AC-coupling cutoff (-3 dB)

10 Hz

**Figure 3.** Step Response, 50  $\Omega$ , 1 V<sub>pk-pk</sub>, 500 ps Rising Edge, Measured



**Figure 4.** Step Response, 1 M $\Omega$ , 1 V<sub>pk-pk</sub>, 500 ps Rising Edge, Measured



## Spectral Characteristics<sup>7</sup>

Spurious-free dynamic range (SFDR)<sup>8</sup> -50 dBc

<sup>7</sup> Excludes ADC interleaving spurs.

<sup>8</sup> Input frequencies <50 MHz, input range  $\leq 4$  V<sub>pk-pk</sub>, -1 dBFS input signal. Includes second through fifth harmonics.

**Table 2.** Effective Number of Bits (ENOB)<sup>9</sup>

Input Range ( $V_{pk-pk}$ )	Filters	
	20 MHz filter enabled	Full bandwidth (Input Frequency <50 MHz)
0.1 V to 4 V	7.2	6.9
0.04 V	6.8	6.6

Total harmonic distortion (THD)<sup>8</sup> -50 dBc

## Noise

RMS noise<sup>10</sup> 0.3% of FS

## Horizontal

### Sample Clock

Source Onboard clock (internal oscillator)

Sample rate range, real time<sup>11</sup> 7.63 kS/s to 500 MS/s

Sample rate, time-interleaved sampling (TIS) mode<sup>12</sup> 1 GS/s

Timebase frequency 500 MHz

Timebase accuracy<sup>13</sup>  $\pm 50$  ppm

Sample clock jitter<sup>14</sup> 2 ps RMS

### Phase-Locked Loop (PLL) Reference Clock

#### Sources

Internal Onboard clock (internal oscillator)

External PXI\_Clk100 (backplane connector)

Duty cycle tolerance 45% to 55%, typical

<sup>9</sup> Input frequencies <50 MHz. -1 dBFS input signal corrected to FS. 1 kHz resolution bandwidth.

<sup>10</sup> Applies to all filter settings and input modes. Verified using a 50  $\Omega$  terminator connected to input.

<sup>11</sup> Divide by  $n$  decimation from 500 MS/s. For more information on the sample clock and decimation, refer to the *NI High-Speed Digitizers Help*.

<sup>12</sup> Single channel only.

<sup>13</sup> Phase-locked to onboard clock. The default clock is PXI\_Clk100. Refer to your chassis specifications for the timebase accuracy of PXI\_Clk100.

<sup>14</sup> Integrated from 100 Hz to 10 MHz. Includes the effects of converter aperture uncertainty and the clock circuitry jitter. Excludes trigger jitter.



# Triggers

Supported triggers	Reference (Stop) Trigger Reference (Arm) Trigger Start Trigger (Acquisition Arm) Advance Trigger
Trigger types	Edge Glitch Hysteresis Runt Width Window Digital Immediate Software
Trigger sources	CH 0 CH 1 PFI <0..3> PXI_Trig <0..7>
Minimum dead time	
Interpolator enabled	600 ns
Interpolator disabled	400 ns
Trigger delay	0 to $2.25 \times 10^{15}$ ns $[(2^{51} - 1) * \text{Sample Clock Period}]$
Holdoff	Dead time to $1.84 \times 10^{19}$ ns $[(2^{64} - 1) * \text{Sample Clock Period}]$

## Analog Trigger

Sources	CH 0 CH 1
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**Table 3. Analog Trigger Time Resolution**

Interpolator Status	Time Resolution	
	TIS Enabled	TIS Disabled
Enabled	0.977 ps	1.95 ps
Disabled	1 ns	2 ns

**Trigger filters**

Low frequency (LF) reject	100 kHz
High frequency (HF) reject	100 kHz
Minimum threshold duration <sup>15</sup>	<i>Sample clock period</i>

## Digital Trigger

Sources	PFI <0..3> (front panel HD-BNC connectors) PXI_Trig <0..7> (backplane connector)
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**Time resolution**

PFI	2 ns
PXI_Trig	8 ns

## Programmable Function Interface (PFI)

Connectors	PFI <0..3> (front panel HD-BNC connectors)
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Direction	Bidirectional per channel
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**As an input (trigger)**

Destinations	Start Trigger (Acquisition Arm) Reference (Stop) Trigger Reference (Arm) Trigger Advance Trigger
Input impedance	49.9 kΩ
V <sub>IH</sub>	2 V, typical
V <sub>IL</sub>	0.8 V, typical
Recommended input range	0 V to 3.3 V
Maximum input overload	+5 V tolerant
Minimum pulse width	10 ns

<sup>15</sup> Data must exceed each corresponding trigger threshold for at least this minimum duration to ensure analog triggering.

## As an output (event)

Sources	Ready for Start Start Trigger (Acquisition Arm) Ready for Reference Reference (Stop) Trigger End of Record Ready for Advance Advance Trigger Done (End of Acquisition)
Output impedance	50 $\Omega$
Logic type	3.3 V CMOS
Maximum current drive	12 mA
Maximum frequency	50 MHz
Minimum pulse width	10 ns

## Probe Compensation

Connectors	Probe compensation terminal Ground terminal
Output voltage <sup>16</sup>	0 V to 5 V
Maximum overload voltage	25 V DC

## CableSense

CableSense pulse voltage <sup>17</sup>	0.4 V
CableSense pulse rise time <sup>18</sup>	4 ns

Driver support for CableSense on the PXIe-5110 was first available in NI-SCOPE 18.7.

### Related Information

*For more information about CableSense technology, refer to [ni.com/cablesense](http://ni.com/cablesense).*

<sup>16</sup> 1 kHz, 50% duty cycle square wave.

<sup>17</sup> When measured with a high-impedance device.

<sup>18</sup> When sourcing into a 50  $\Omega$  cable or load.

# Waveform Memory

Available onboard memory sizes <sup>19</sup>	64 MB 512 MB
Minimum record length	1 sample
Number of samples	
Pretrigger	0 up to ( <i>Record Length</i> - 1)
Posttrigger	0 up to <i>Record Length</i>
Maximum number of records in onboard memory <sup>20</sup>	100,000

**Table 4.** Examples of Allocated Onboard Memory per Record, 512 MB Option

Channels	Bytes per Sample	Maximum Records per Channel	Record Length	Allocated Onboard Memory per Record
1	1	100,000	1	192
1	1	100,000	1,000	1,200
1	1	52,924	10,000	10,176
1	1	1	536,870,785	536,870,976
2	1	100,000	1	192
2	1	100,000	1,000	2,208
2	1	26,672	10,000	20,160
2	1	1	268,435,393	536,870,976

## Calibration

### External Calibration

External calibration corrects the onboard references for gain and offset errors used in self-calibration and adjusts the compensation attenuator. All calibration constants are stored in nonvolatile memory.

<sup>19</sup> Onboard memory is shared among all enabled channels.

<sup>20</sup> For 512 MB option. You can exceed this value if you fetch records while acquiring data. For more information, refer to the **Enable Records > Memory** property in the *NI High-Speed Digitizers Help* at [ni.com/manuals](http://ni.com/manuals).

# Self-Calibration

Self-calibration is done on software command. The calibration corrects for gain, offset, interleaving spurs, and intermodule synchronization errors. Run self-calibration after the specified warm-up time has elapsed and any time the module is power cycled or the PC or controller is restarted or wakes from sleep or hibernation modes. Refer to the *NI High-Speed Digitizers Help* at [ni.com/manuals](http://ni.com/manuals) for more information on when to self-calibrate the device.

## Calibration Specifications

Interval for external calibration	2 years
Warm-up time <sup>21</sup>	15 minutes

## Software

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### Driver Software

Driver support for this device was first available in NI-SCOPE 18.6.

NI-SCOPE is an IVI-compliant driver that allows you to configure, control, and calibrate the PXIe-5110. NI-SCOPE provides application programming interfaces for many development environments.

### Application Software

NI-SCOPE provides programming interfaces, documentation, and examples for the following application development environments:

- LabVIEW
- LabWindows™/CVI™
- Measurement Studio
- Microsoft Visual C/C++
- .NET (C# and VB.NET)

### Interactive Soft Front Panel and Configuration

When you install NI-SCOPE on a 64-bit system, you can use InstrumentStudio to monitor, control, and record measurements from the PXIe-5110.

InstrumentStudio is an application that allows you to perform interactive measurements on several different NI device types in a single application.

Interactive control of the PXIe-5110 was first available via InstrumentStudio in NI-SCOPE 18.6. InstrumentStudio is included on the NI-SCOPE media.

NI Measurement & Automation Explorer (MAX) also provides interactive configuration and test tools for the PXIe-5110. MAX is included on the driver media.

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<sup>21</sup> Warm-up time begins after the chassis and either the controller or PC is powered and NI-SCOPE is loaded.

# Synchronization

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Channel-to-channel skew, between the channels of a PXIe-5110

50 $\Omega$	<100 ps
1 M $\Omega$	<100 ps

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## Synchronization with the NI-TCIk API<sup>22</sup>

NI-TCIk is an API that enables system synchronization of supported PXI modules in one or more PXI chassis, which you can use with the PXIe-5110 and NI-SCOPE.

NI-TCIk uses a shared Reference Clock and triggers to align the Sample Clocks of PXI modules and synchronize the distribution and reception of triggers. These signals are routed through the PXI chassis backplane without external cable connections between PXI modules in the same chassis.

Module-to-module skew, between PXIe-5110 modules using NI-TCIk<sup>23</sup>

NI-TCIk synchronization without manual adjustment <sup>24</sup>	
Skew, peak-to-peak <sup>25</sup>	200 ps
Jitter, peak-to-peak <sup>26</sup>	120 ps
NI-TCIk synchronization with manual adjustment <sup>24</sup>	
Skew, average <sup>25</sup>	10 ps
Jitter, peak-to-peak <sup>26</sup>	8 ps

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<sup>22</sup> NI-TCIk installs with NI-SCOPE.

<sup>23</sup> Although you can use NI-TCIk to synchronize non-identical modules, these specifications apply only to synchronizing identical modules. Specifications are valid under the following conditions:

- All modules installed in the same PXI Express chassis
- NI-TCIk used to align the sample clocks of each module
- All parameters set to identical values for each module
- Self-calibration completed
- Ambient temperature within  $\pm 1$  °C of self-calibration

For other configurations, including multi-chassis systems, contact NI Technical Support at [ni.com/support](https://ni.com/support).

<sup>24</sup> Manual adjustment is the process of minimizing synchronization jitter and skew by adjusting Trigger Clock (TCIk) signals using the instrument driver.

<sup>25</sup> *Skew* is the misalignment between module timing across slots of a chassis and is caused by clock and analog path delay differences.

<sup>26</sup> *Jitter* is the variation in module alignment that can be expected with each call to NI-TCIk Synchronize.

Sample Clock delay/adjustment resolution <1 ps

## Related Information

[NI-TClk Overview](#)

*For more information on manual adjustment, refer to [NI-TClk Manual Calibration on NI-SCOPE Devices](#).*

## Power

### Current draw

+3.3 V DC	1.82 A
+12 V DC	0.83 A

### Power draw

+3.3 V DC	6 W
+12 V DC	10 W
Total	16 W

Total maximum power allowed 30 W

## Physical

Dimensions 3U, one-slot, PXI Express/CompactPCI Express module  
2.0 cm × 13.0 cm × 21.6 cm  
(0.8 in × 5.1 in × 8.5 in)

Weight 380 g (13.4 oz)

## Bus Interface

Form factor Gen 1 x4 module

Slot compatibility PXI Express or hybrid

## Environmental Characteristics

### Temperature and Humidity

#### Temperature

Operating	0 °C to 55 °C
Storage	-40 °C to 71 °C

## Humidity

Operating	10% to 90%, noncondensing
Storage	5% to 95%, noncondensing
Pollution Degree	2
Maximum altitude	4,600 m (at 25 °C ambient temperature)

## Shock and Vibration

### Random vibration

Operating	5 Hz to 500 Hz, 0.3 g RMS
Non-operating	5 Hz to 500 Hz, 2.4 g RMS
Operating shock	30 g, half-sine, 11 ms pulse

# Product Certifications and Declarations

Refer to the product Declaration of Conformity (DoC) for additional regulatory compliance information. To obtain product certifications and the DoC for NI products, visit [ni.com/certification](https://ni.com/certification), search by model number or product line, and click the appropriate link in the Certification column.

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